



2016 Pillar III Disclosure

ALBILAD INVESTMENT COMPANY

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1 Background

AlBilad Investment Company (**"the Company"**) is authorized and regulated by the Capital Market Authority (**"CMA"**) as the investment entity of Bank AlBilad (an Islamic Sharia compliant bank). The Capital requirement for the firm is determined in accordance with the CMA regulations set out in Part 7 and Annex 10 of the Prudential Rules for Pillar III - Disclosure & Reporting. The Prudential Rules emphasize the requirements for authorized persons' financial prudence and the requirement to present a framework composed of three pillars:

- Pillar I: defines the minimum capital requirements, (the firm has to maintain at all times capital resource in excess or equivalent to the amount of the capital required).
- Pillar II: outlines the process for the assessment of all risks, capital adequacy once all risks are taken into consideration and the determination as to whether any additional capital should be assigned to cover the additional risks not covered in Pillar I. This process is conducted internally and shall be approved by the Board of Directors.
- Pillar III: provides the rules for the disclosure of capital and risk management information, and requires the firm to publish that information. The disclosure shall be reviewed and updated on an annual basis on website www.albilad-capital.com

The purpose of Pillar III is to ensure that authorized persons have assessed the key pieces of information which includes Capital, Risk exposure, Risk Assessment Process and the capital adequacy requirements. It shall therefore rearrange the disclosure requirements as set out in Annexure 10 of the Prudential Regulation as well as includes additional suggested disclosure requirements with illustrative forms to provide added quality for the Pillar III disclosures.

The current Pillar III Report is prepared for AlBilad Investment Company.

2 Scope of Application

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia under the Commercial Registration No. 1010240489 dated 11 Dhal Qaeda 1428H (corresponding to November 20, 2007) issued in Riyadh. The Company is the investment banking arm of Bank AlBilad, a full commercial bank authorized by the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency (**"SAMA"**) and operating under Islamic Sharia principles.

The Company was formed in accordance with the CMA Resolution No. 2-38-2007 dated 8 Rajab 1428H (corresponding to July 22, 2007) .The Company is CMA licensed to offer investment services such as Asset Management, Brokerage, Margin Financing, Investment Banking , Arranging , underwriting , custody along

with Research and Advisory services that comply with the Sharia rules. The main services offered are organized around brokerage, asset management and investment banking. The Company offers only Islamic investment solutions based on Sharia principles and is backed by a team of professionals with wide experience in providing investment services and solutions to individual and institutional clients within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

AlBilad Capital , based on the existing business model and the liquidity in overall business didn't suffer any material or legal impediment to the prompt transfer of capital or repayment of liabilities between AlBilad Capital and the related business partners/subsidiaries/associates. At the same time AlBilad Capital have investment in a subsidiary that has been disclosed separately in the Financial Statements at the time of preparing and publishing this disclosure.

3 Capital Structure

The capital of the Company comprises of 200,000 shares at a nominal value of SAR1,000 per share . The capital base of the Company consists of Tier I capital elements such as capital shares, statutory reserve and retained earnings. The Tier2 capital consist of unrealized gains on Available for Sale Investments . Company is required to transfer 10% of the net income every year to a statutory reserve until such reserve equal to 50% of the paid up capital. Accordingly the Company transferred 10% of the net profit to statutory reserves and is not available for distribution, detailed disclosure please refer Appendix I.

Components (In SAR 000)	2016 (Audited)
<u>Tier 1 Capital</u>	
Paid up Capital	200,000
Audited retained earnings	159,502
Share Premium	-
Reserves (Other than Revaluation Reserves)	18,661
Goodwill and Intangible assets	-
Total Tier 1 Capital	382,002
<u>Tier 2 Capital</u>	
Investment revaluation reserve	1,085
Total Tier 2 Capital	1,085
Total Capital Base	383,087

Table1 : Capital Structure

4 Capital Adequacy

The Company has a positive capital ratio after taking into consideration risks which the Company is subject to, and applying appropriate capital charges. The Company monitors its capital positions and capital requirements to cover all kinds of risk under (Pillar 1) - credit, market and operational risk as per the Prudential Regulations. Moreover, it produces a monthly Capital Adequacy Model Report to the CMA. All new usages of capital are thoroughly considered in the context of their risk-return profile and capital impact. Furthermore the Company considers it prudent to maintain a capital buffer above minimum capital requirements at all times. This is reflected in the risk appetite statement of the Company.

According to the Prudential Rules, CMA has prescribed the framework and guidance regarding the minimum regulatory capital requirements and its calculations. Prudential rules are based on Pillar I, Pillar II and Pillar III . Pillar III regulates how information's regarding risk management, capital requirements, capital adequacy etc. should be made to Public.

AlBilad' s approach in assessing its capital adequacy to support current as well as future business activities works around the following principles :

- The capital requirements for the new business model will be assessed in relation to its risk profile by doing a test analysis of the Risk before implementing any new business strategy to ensure that the Company's revised capital ratio will be in line with the minimum capital requirements of CMA and the buffer required by the Board risk appetite statement .
- Review of Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) , prepared by the Risk department, reviewed by Audit Committee and final approval by the Board of directors.
- The Company always maintains above the minimum capital ratio to ensure the business continuity, which avoids interruptions while implementing new business policies .
- The Company's capital projections represents conservative levels of capital to support its projected activities, cover all material risks and are in line with its risk appetite and operating environment.

The above monitoring and control procedures are applied at an early stage to prevent capital from falling below the minimum levels as required to the Risk profile. The Company consistently maintains capital adequacy ratio above 1 as required by the Capital Market Authority . The total capital base has been increased by 12% with adequate surplus capital to implement future business plans in line with regulations . Also the credit risk has been increased as the Company started activating the Margin Murabaha financing to its clients that has proportionately decreased the surplus capital.

For detailed disclosure please refer **Appendix II, Capital Adequacy Calculation.**

Capital base (SAR '000)	2016	2015	Percentage
Total capital base	383,087	343,552	12%
<u>Minimum capital requirement</u>			
<u>Market Risks</u>			
<i>Equity & Fund Risk</i>	-	-	-
<i>Interest Rate Risk</i>	-	-	-
<i>Commodities Risk</i>	-	-	-
<i>FX Risk</i>	109	-	100%
<i>Underwriting Risk</i>	-	-	-
<i>Excess Exposure Risk</i>	-	-	-
<i>Settlement Risk</i>	-	-	-
Market Risk	109	-	100%
<u>Credit Risks</u>			
<i>Credit Risk (including Prohibited Exposure Risk)</i>	165,467	46,327	257%
Credit Risks	165,467	46,327	257%
Operational risks	15,776	12,701	24%
Total minimum capital requirement	181,352	59,028	207%
Total capital ratio (time)	2.11	5.82	-64%
Surplus/(Deficit) in Capital	201,735	284,524	-29%

Table 2: A comparison of Capital Adequacy ratio of 2015 & 2016

5 Risk Management

The Company understands that taking risks is an integral part of the nature of its business activities, therefore it has been continuously developing a risk management framework that is in line with the nature and complexity of its activities.

5.1 Risk Management Governance

The governance of risk management is organized around multiple layers of responsibilities and authorities as well as providing for a Risk Management Department that is independent from business lines.

The Board of Directors of the Company is ultimately responsible for the risk assumed by the organization and the organization of the risk management systems and framework as well as ensuring that they are operating

effectively. In order to best manage its responsibilities a risk management strategy, systems and framework were set and supervised by the risk management committee.

The Risk Management Department reports directly to the CEO to promote its independence from business lines. The Department is responsible for the design and implementation of the independent risk management process and framework throughout the entire Company and its activities. All members of the senior management team are responsible for the risks run by their respective activities and for the adherence to and enforcement of the risk policies and procedures.

5.2 Pillar III Governance

The disclosure under the pillar III regulation is the responsibility of the Management of the Company. The process is managed by the Risk Management Department, in collaboration with the Finance Department and under the supervision and authority of the CEO, who will review and approve pillar III disclosures .The Company discloses the information at www.albilad-capital.com in addition to including the related disclosures in the annual financial statements that are approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.

5.3 Credit Risk and Counterparty Credit Risk

The commonly accepted definition of credit risk is the risk of economic loss from the failure of an obligor to perform according to the terms and conditions of a contract or agreement. This is the main capital risk for the Company as most of its assets are short term murabaha placements with financial institutions. However, this risk is mitigated by the short term nature of the placements as well as by the Company's counterparty selection process. There is currently no usage of derivatives and the Company does not have off-balance -sheet exposures. (Details : **Appendix III**)

AlBilad Investment Company uses credit rating agencies as per CMA regulations to determine the credit exposures by using credit quality steps. Credit rating of the related exposure are determined from the below mentioned credit rating agencies, mapped to the exposure assigning a risk weight according to the table below(Details Appendix IV):

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Standards & Poors	AAA TO AA-	A+ TO A-	BBB+ TO BBB-	BB+ TO BB-	B+ TO B-	CCC+ and below
Fitch	AAA TO AA-	A+ TO A-	BBB+ TO BBB-	BB+ TO BB-	B+ TO B-	CCC+ and below
Moody's	Aaa TO Aa3	A1 TO A3	Baa1 TO Baa3	Ba1 TO Ba3	B1 TO B3	Caa1 and below
Capital Intelligence	AAA	AA TO A	BBB	BB	B	C and below

Table 3: Credit Quality Steps and CRA mapping

The Company has exposures with Local and International Banks in connection with placement of Murabaha deposits and current account balances . Accordingly 36% of the cash and cash equivalents are placed outside the Kingdom and 64% of the cash and cash equivalents are placed with local commercial banks and the breakdown of the placements are given below:

Balance in Deposit and Current Accounts	Equivalent (SAR " 000")	% age Exposure
Local Commercial Banks, KSA	160,294	64%
International Banks	89,000	36%
Total	249,294	100%

Table 4: Geographic Distribution of Exposures

The Company has segregated all of its assets both short term and long terms in a different maturity buckets as shown in the table below :

Exposure Class	AlBilad Investment Co. - Residual Contractual Maturity (SAR '000')						
	1 Day	> 1 day to 1 week	>1 week to 1 month	>1 month to 3 months	>3 months to 6 months	> 6 months to 1 year	> 1 year
On and Off-balance-sheet Exposures							
Cash and cash Equivalents	30,294	---	--	---			-
Murabaha Deposit with Banks	---	---	----	205,000		14,000	
Prepayments and other current assets	---	---	5,329	6,024	2,874	1,232	
Margin Lending	---	---	---	----		179,714	
Available for Sale Investments	34	2,181	3,822				35,167
Investment in Subsidiary					135,579		
Total	30,327	2,181	9,151	211,024	138,453	194,946	35,167

Table 5: Residual Contractual Maturity Profile

The present contractual maturity brought in higher degree of comfort in meeting the short term and long term obligations of the Company which reflects sound liquidity positions based on the existing level of operations.

5.4 Credit Risk mitigation

The Company has taken adequate steps to mitigate the risk by applying proper policies and procedures. This supports the organization to assess counterparty credit worthiness to reduce the risk by implementing a proper risk frame work associated with each products and services. Detail in Appendix V.

5.5 Market Risk

Broadly defined, market risk is the risk of economic loss from the devaluation of an investment due to moves in market factors. The four most common market-risk factors are interest rates, foreign-exchange rates, equity prices, and commodity prices. The Company exposure to market risk is low. The computation of the market risk capital requirement is managed in line with the methods defined in the CMA guidelines for capital computation for different components of trading portfolio of the firm.

As of 31st December 2016, Company has investments in listed equities which are held under AFS investments and disclosed under non-trading book exposures. Cash balances in foreign currencies are subject to foreign currency risk charges. Otherwise majority of the investments were made in fixed income earning instruments and doesn't carry any capital charge under this group.

5.6 Operational Risk

The definition of operational risk used is the one adopted by the Basel regulations. This definition states that operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems, or from external events. Operational risk is an important factor for a financial institution. The Company continuously considers these risks and has adopted the conservative methodology of Pillar I to adequately cover these risks in terms of capital requirements.

5.7 Operational Risk Assessment

Albilad Investment Company follows Expenditure approach for the assessment of operational risk. In this approach Company computes the risk capital at 15% of the average gross income for the last 3 years or 25% of the total overhead expenses whichever is higher. The resultant figures for the last three years are below:

No.	Items	2013	2014	2015	2016
1	Gross Income	69,848	85,049	77,540	101,492
2	(3) Year Average		73,790	77,479	88,027
3	Risk Capital Charge		15%	15%	15%
4	BIA Capital Charge (2*3)		11,069	11,622	13,204

EXPENDITURE BASED APPROACH ("EBA")

5	Overhead Expenses (Year 1)		45,230	50,806	62,104
6	Risk Capital Charge		25%	25%	25%
7	Capital Required (5*6)		11,308	12,701	15,776

8	Capital Required for Operation Risk (Max 4,7)		11,308	12,701	15,776
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Table 6: Operational Risk Capital

5.8 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk of financial loss to an institution, arising from its inability to have enough funds to meet its contractual obligations. The Company manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow projections as well as its liquidity ratios. The Company has the vast majority of its assets with maturities that are distributed between immediate availability to one year maturities. The short term liabilities are limited in size and are of an operational nature. These liabilities are a portion of the short term assets. Overall the liquidity profile of the Company is strong with sufficient funds to cover for its current and future liquidity needs.

The Company prepares a liquidity profile statement of expected cash flows arising at the time of settlement of its assets and liabilities and allocates them in a different time intervals in which they are expected to occur. The time intervals have been defined as per the CMA prudential regulations as below :

Particulars	1 Day	> 1 day to 1 week	>1 week to 1 month	>1 month to 3 months	>3 months to 6 months	> 6 months to 1 year	> 1 year
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Table 7: Liquidity Risk Bucketing

Presently the Company has sufficient financial resources to meet its obligations when they fall due and at the same time during the year 2016 the Company has borrowed SAR100 Million from its Parent Bank to finance Margin Murabaha customers with a quarterly payment schedules. The principals are expected to be re-paid based on the settlement of Margin Murabaha contracts that are due on varying maturities.

6. ANNEXURES :

Appendix I – Illustrative disclosure on Capital Base

Capital Base	Amount (SAR '000)
<u>Tier-1 capital</u>	
Paid-up capital	200,000
Audited retained earnings	159,502
Share premium	
Reserves (other than revaluation reserves)	22,500
Tier-1 capital contribution	
Deductions from Tier-1 capital	-
Total Tier-1 capital	382,002
<u>Tier-2 capital</u>	
Subordinated loans	
Cumulative preference shares	
Revaluation reserves	1,085
Other deductions from Tier-2 (-)	
Deduction to meet Tier-2 capital limit (-)	
Total Tier-2 capital	1,085
TOTAL CAPITAL BASE	383,087

Appendix II – Illustrative Disclosure on Capital Adequacy

Exposure Class	Exposures before CRM SAR '000	Net Exposures after CRM SAR '000	Risk Weighted Assets SR '000	Capital Requirement SAR '000
Credit Risk				
On-balance Sheet Exposures	-	-	-	-
Governments and Central Banks	-	-	-	-
Authorized Persons and Banks	250,735	250,735	54,455	7,624
Margin Financing	179,714	179,714	269,571	37,740
Corporates	8,078	8,078	57,677	8,075
High Risk Investments	135,579	135,579	542,317	75,924
Investment Funds	43,271	43,271	124,051	17,367
Investment Funds – Listed shares	2,215	2,215	3,322	465
Retail & Other Assets	1,657	1,657	5,519	773
Total On-Balance sheet Exposures	621,249	621,249	1,056,912	147,968
Off-balance Sheet Exposures	-	-	-	-
OTC/Credit Derivatives	-	-	-	-
Repurchase agreements	-	-	-	-
Securities borrowing/lending	-	-	-	-
Commitments	-	-	-	-
Other off-balance sheet exposures	-	-	-	-
Total Off-Balance sheet Exposures	-	-	-	-
Total On and Off-Balance sheet Exposures	621,249	621,249	1,056,916	147,968
Prohibited Exposure Risk Requirement	-	-	124,996	17,499
Total Credit Risk Exposures	621,249	621,249	1,181,908	165,467
Market Risk				
	Long Position	Short Position		
Interest rate risks	-	-		-
Equity price risks	-	-		-
Risks related to investment funds	-	-		-
Securitization/ resecuritisation positions	-	-		-
Excess exposure risks	-	-		-
Settlement risks and counterparty risks	-	-		-
Foreign exchange rate risks	109	-		109
Commodities risks.	-	-		-
Total Market Risk Exposures	-	-		-
Operational Risk				15,776
Minimum Capital Requirements				181,352
Surplus/(Deficit) in capital				201,735
Total Capital ratio (time)				2.11

Appendix III – Illustrative Disclosure on Credit Risk Weight

Risk Weights	Exposures after netting and credit risk mitigation												Total Risk Weighted Assets
	Governments and central banks	Administrative bodies and NPO	Authorized persons and banks	Margin Financing	Corporates	High Risk Investments	Prohibited exposures	Investment Funds	Investment Funds - Listed shares	Retail & Other assets	Off-balance sheet commitments	Total Exposure after netting and Credit Risk Mitigation	
0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20%	-	-	236,375	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	236,375	47,275
50%	-	-	14,361	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,361	7,180
100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
150%	-	-	-	179,714	-	-	-	3,841	2,215	-	-	185,770	278,654
200%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
300%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,430	-	1,526	-	40,956	122,867
314%	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,808	-	-	-	-	39,808	124,996
400%	-	-	-	-	-	135,579	-	-	-	-	-	135,579	542,317
500%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
714%	-	-	-	-	8,078	-	-	-	-	132	-	8,210	58,619
Average Risk Weight	-	-	22%	150%	714%	400%	314%	287%	0%	333%	-	179%	1,181,908
Deduction from Capital Base	-	-	7,624	37,740	8,075	75,924	17,499	17,367	465	773	-	165,467	-

Appendix IV – Illustrative disclosure on Credit Rated Exposure

Exposure Class	Long term Ratings of counterparties							
	Credit quality step	1	2	3	4	5	6	Unrated
	S&P	AAA TO AA-	A+ TO A-	BBB+ TO BBB-	BB+ TO BB-	B+ TO B-	CCC+ and below	Unrated
	Fitch	AAA TO AA-	A+ TO A-	BBB+ TO BBB-	BB+ TO BB-	B+ TO B-	CCC+ and below	Unrated
	Moody's	Aaa TO Aa3	A1 TO A3	Baa1 TO Baa3	Ba1 TO Ba3	B1 TO B3	Caa1 and below	Unrated
Capital Intelligence	AAA	AA TO A	BBB	BB	B	C and below	Unrated	
On and Off-balance-sheet Exposures								
Governments and Central Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Authorized Persons and Banks	-	160,294	89,000	-	-	-	-	-
Margin Financing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	179,714
Corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,078
High Risk Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135,579
Investment Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,271
Investment Funds - Listed shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,215
Retail & Other Assets	-	1,067	374	-	-	-	-	1657
Total	-	161,361	89,374	-	-	-	-	370,514

Exposure Class	Short term Ratings of counterparties					
	Credit quality step	1	2	3	4	Unrated
	S & P	A-1+, A-1	A-2	A-3	Below A-3	Unrated
	Fitch	F1+, F1	F2	F3	Below F3	Unrated
	Moody's	P-1	P-2	P-3	Not Prime	Unrated
Capital Intelligence	A1	A2	A3	Below A3	Unrated	
Governments and Central Banks						
Authorized Persons and Banks						
Margin Financing						
Corporates						
High Risk Investments						
Investment Funds						
Investment Funds - Listed shares						
Retail & Other Assets						
Governments and Central Banks						
Total						

Appendix V – Illustrated Disclosure on Credit Risk Mitigation (CRM)

Exposure Class	Exposures before CRM	Exposures covered by Guarantees/ Credit derivatives	Exposures covered by Financial Collateral	Exposures covered by Netting Agreement	Exposures covered by other eligible collaterals	Exposures after CRM
<u>Credit Risk</u>						
On-balance Sheet Exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Governments and Central Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-
Authorized Persons and Banks	250,735	-	-	-	-	250,735
Margin Financing	179,714	-	179,714	-	-	---
Corporates	8,078	-	-	-	-	8,078
High Risk Investments	135,579	-	-	-	-	135,579
Investment Funds	43,271	-	-	-	-	43,271
Investment Funds – Listed shares	2,215	-	-	-	-	2,215
Retail & Other Assets	1,657	-	-	-	-	1,657
Total On-Balance sheet Exposures	621,249	-	-	-	-	441,535
<u>Off-balance Sheet Exposures</u>						
OTC/Credit Derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposure in the form of repurchase agreements	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposure in the form of securities lending	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposure in the form of commitments	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Other Off-Balance sheet Exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Off-Balance sheet Exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total On and Off-Balance sheet Exposures	621,249	-	-	-	-	441,535